NWSF FLOODING SAFETY DOCUMENT LAUNCH

14 OCTOBER 2024





Introductions and welcome

Russell Robson, Chair of Inland Group of NWSF



An introduction to flooding in a changing climate

Dan Ryan, NWSF Coordinating Group

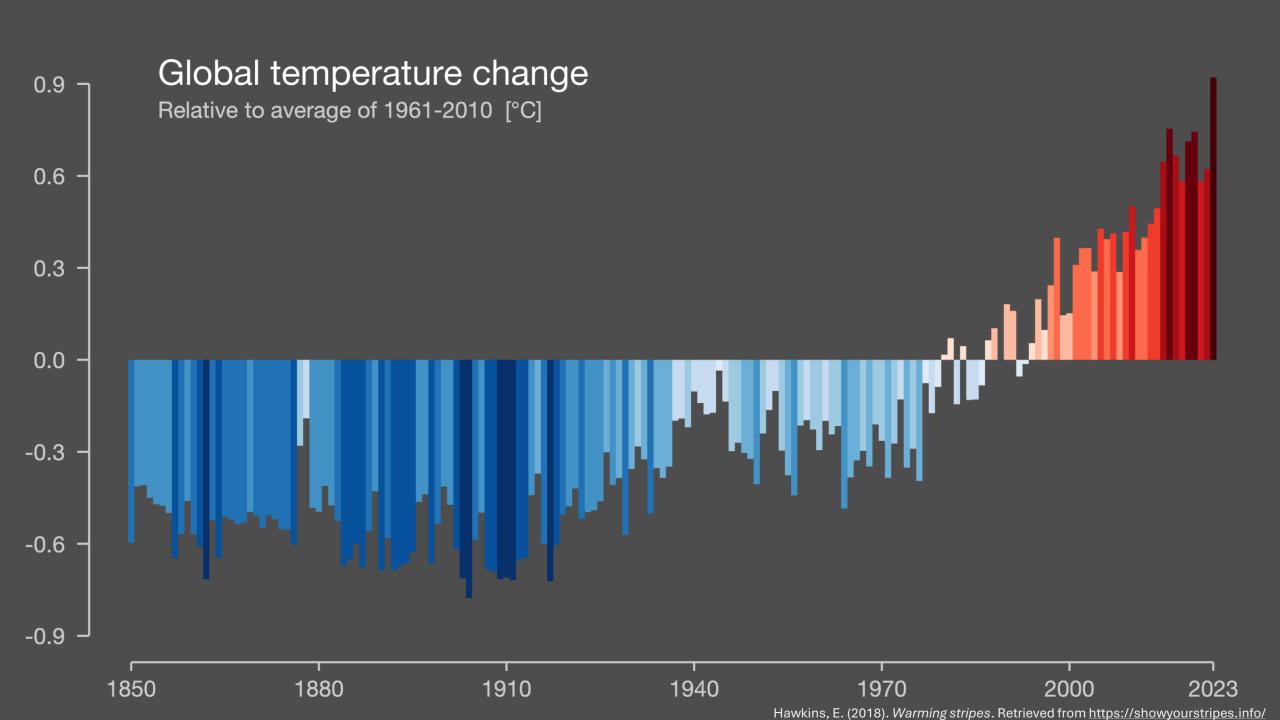
An introduction to flooding in a changing climate

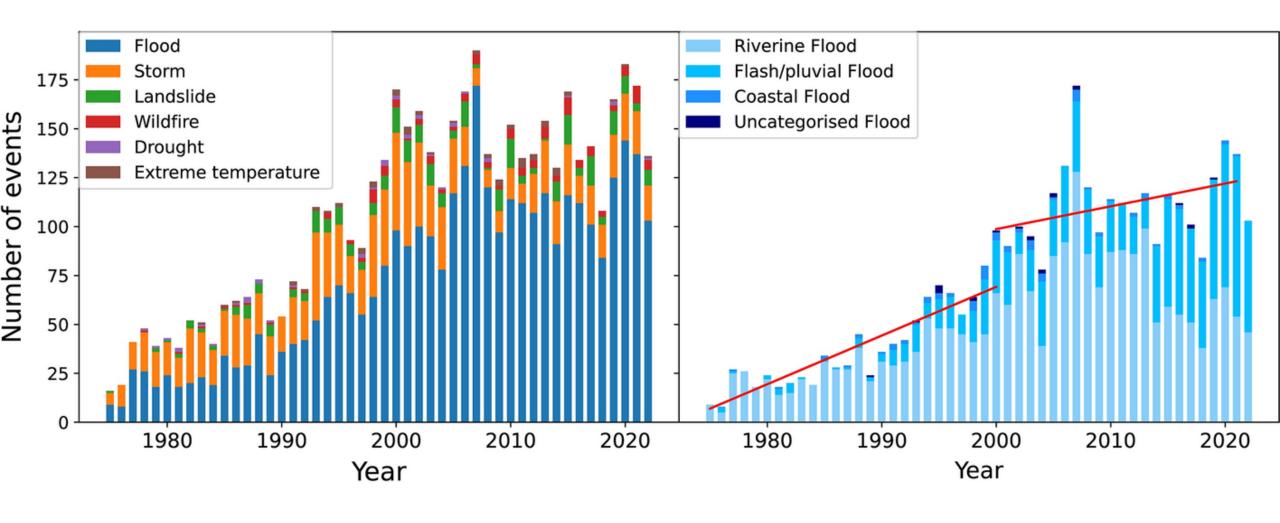
Dan Ryan – Independent member of NWSF



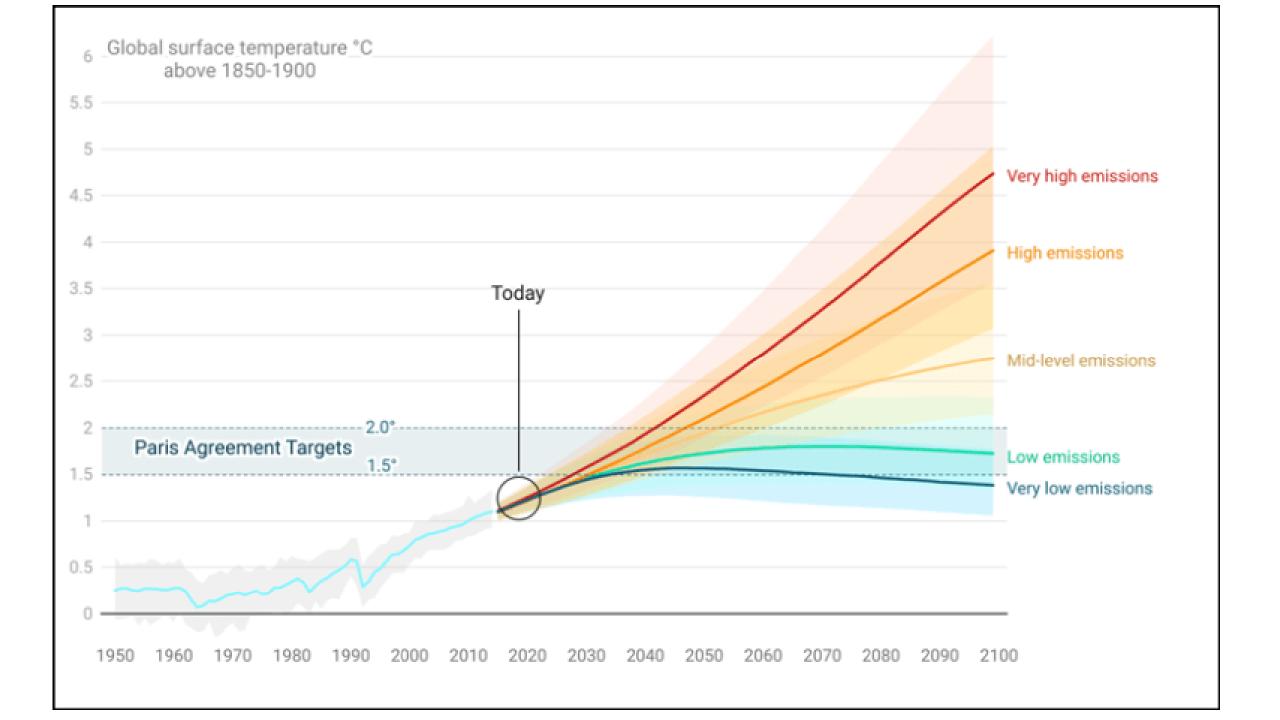
- Climate change in 3 key graphics
- Impacts of climate change on UK weather and associated hazards
- Implications for water safety







Jonkman, S.N., Curran, A. & Bouwer, L.M. Floods have become less deadly: an analysis of global flood fatalities 1975–2022. *Nat Hazards* 120, 6327–6342 (2024). https://doi.org/10.1007/s11069-024-06444-0

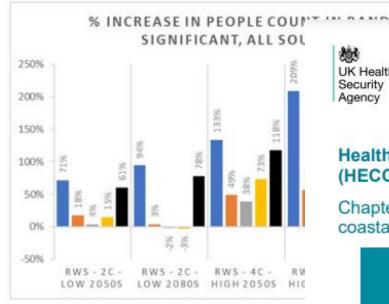


The impacts of climate change for the UK

- UKCP18: warmer wetter winters, warmer drier summer
- UK winter rainfall is likely to increase by 7% by 2050
- Heavier downpours in the summer
- Increased risk of sea flooding due to sea level rise exacerbating storms
- More extreme weather events





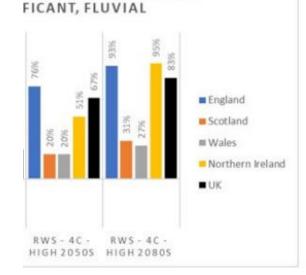




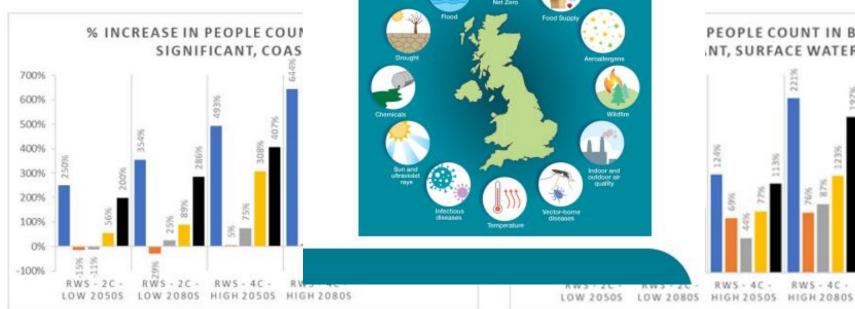
Health Effects of Climate Change (HECC) in the UK: 2023 report

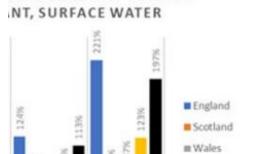
Chapter 3. Climate change, flooding, coastal change and public health





PEOPLE COUNT IN BAND -

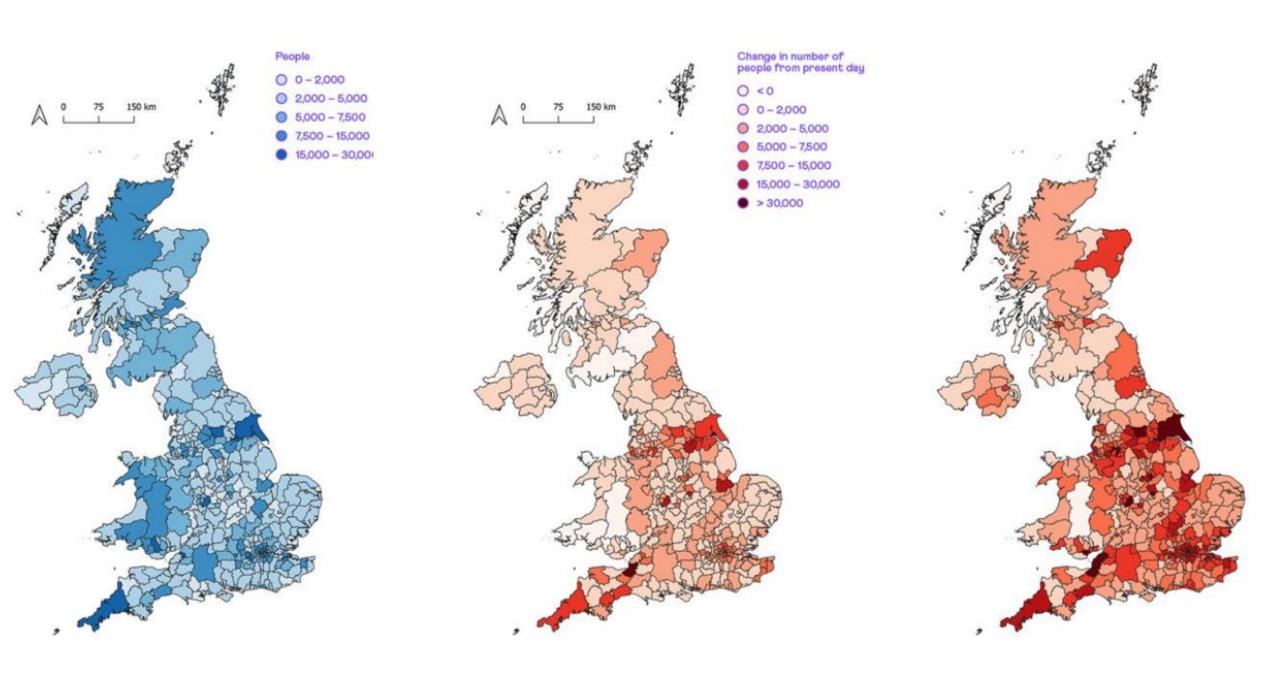




Northern Ireland

■ UK

PEOPLE COUNT IN BAND -

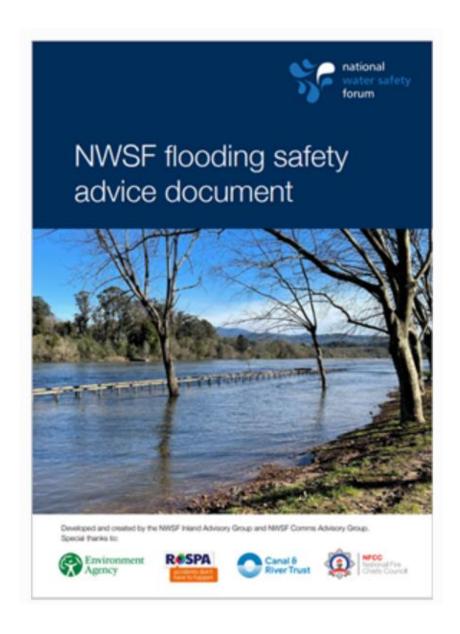






Introduction and rationale for the Flooding Safety document

Claire Gauci, Canal & River Trust



Flooding advice document

- Document brought together by NWSF members – Canal & River Trust, Environment Agency, National Fire Chiefs Council, RoSPA
- Lifesaving advice from Surf Life Saving
 GB
- Coastal contributions from MCA

Guidance on the NWSF website







Resource Links

Campaigns

Coastal Resources

Data and research

Education

Flooding

General

Inland

Legislation and standards

Other networks and organisations

Recreation

Swimming and Pools

Water Safety Partnerships

Guidance

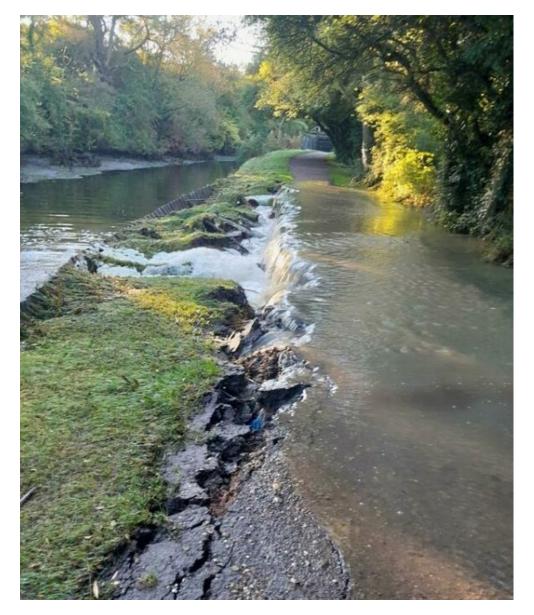
Why is the risk of flooding an issue?

Facts about flood water

- Flooded inland towpaths, footpaths and land adjacent to water
- Road-surface flooding and flash floods

Grand Union Canal, Leicester

Guidance headings



Guidance headings

- If you fall into flood water
- Causeway crossing and flooding
- Stormy weather at the coast
- Boats on flooded inland waterway





Image used with kind permission from Surf Life Saving GB



Example of local authority resilience and emergency planning

Joe Langwith and Alice Dimaline - Oxfordshire County Council



Oxfordshire County Council

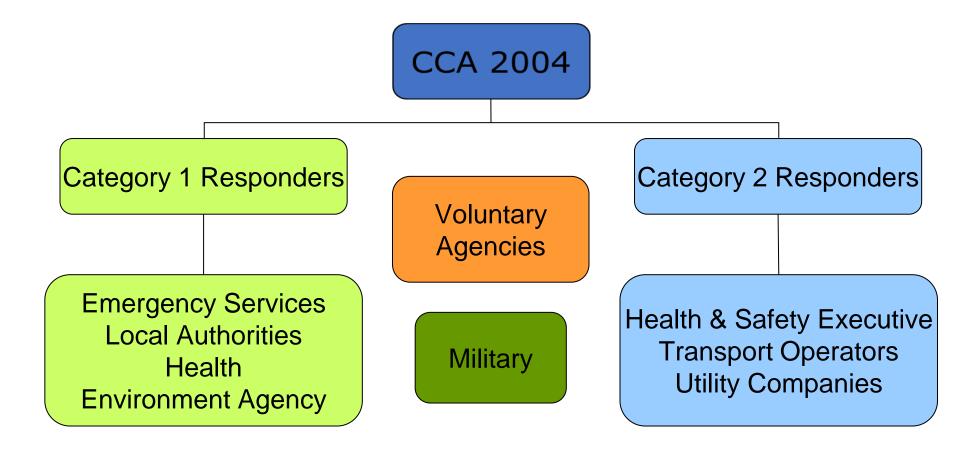
Local Authority Emergency Planning & Community Resilience

Joe Langwith Resilience Officer





Response Structure







Civil Contingencies Act (2004)

Assess risk of emergencies to inform planning

Put in place emergency plans

Business Continuity arrangements

Warning & Informing the public

Share information with other responders

Co-operate with other responders

Provide business continuity advice to businesses





Assess the Risk

- National Risk Register
- Thames Valley Community Risk Register
- Oxfordshire Risk Register

Likelihood

Catastrophic
Significant
Moderate
Minor
Limited
1 2 3 4 5

Flooding
Adverse Weather
Drought
Animal Disease
Human Disease
Plant Disease
Chemical Incidents
Radiological Incidents
Public Disorder

Terrorist Attack
Cyber Attack
Fuel Disruption
Major Fire
Industrial Action
Wildfire
Reservoir Collapse
Aviation Collision

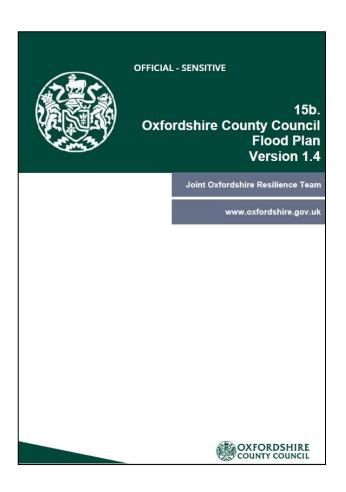




Put in Place Emergency Plans

Oxfordshire Flood Plan

- Notification
- Triggers & Activation
- Response
- Recovery
- Action Cards







Warn & Inform the Public

Social Media

Adverse Weather Page

Flood Toolkit

Community Resilience

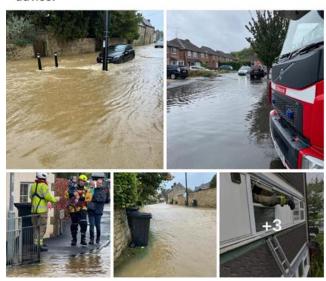


Oxfordshire Fire and Rescue Service (Official)

23 Sep · 💠

Very busy day for Oxfordshire Fire and Rescue Service today responding to a very high volume of calls across the county, mainly due to the weather, Wheatley, kidlington and Barton were some of the areas worst hit by the flood waters where crews worked tirelessly to try and protect homes and help with salvage and give advice to residents etc on how to stay safe.

Please visit www.365alive.co.uk for more water safety advice!







Share Information & Co-operate with Other Responders

- Partner Activation Teleconferences (PATs)
- Tactical Coordination Groups (TCGs)
- Strategic Coordinating Groups (SCGs)







Community Resilience

- Provide community talks
- Attend community & business events
- Provide resources
- Support Community Emergency Plans







Community Resources

ICE Bottles

Emergency information



Are You Ready Booklet

Grab Bag, Fire Escape Plans
Other Safety Information



Community Resilience Bags

Utility failure Leaflets - Priority Service Register Snow Guide, Riparian Ownership leaflets





Community Emergency Plans (CEPs)

What is a CEP?

Why is it important?

How is one produced?







Community Emergency Plans (CEPs)

What goes into a plan:

- Local Risks
- Activation Triggers
- Local Resources Available
- Safe Locations
- Emergency Contacts
- Helping the Vulnerable







CEP in Action

- Following a flooding event, one of our local communities completed their own CEP and installed their own sandbag store which was filled by our Highways Team.
- During the next flooding event, the Village hall flood defense barriers were fitted when the river began to overflow
- In keeping with the CEP, the brook was initially reinforced with locally sourced sandbags. After coordinating with the Resilience Team, more sandbags were delivered to bolster the defenses.

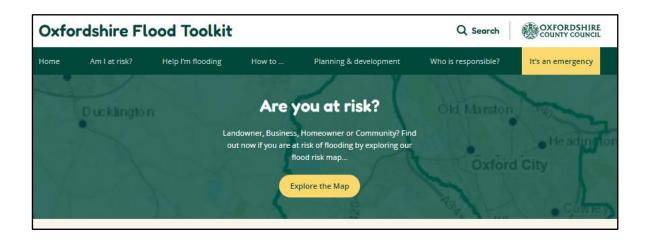








Oxfordshire County Council Flood Toolkit



https://www.oxfordshirefloodtoolkit.com/

Alice Dimaline – Senior Flood Risk Management Officer





LLFA – Key Responsibilities under Flood & Water Management Act (2010)

Oxfordshire County Council is the Lead Local Flood Authority (LLFA) for the county and is responsible for coordinating the management of flood risk from surface water, groundwater and ordinary watercourses. The LLFA do not provide an emergency response during flooding events.

Key responsibilities:

- Developing, maintaining and putting in place a Local Flood Risk Management Strategy for Oxfordshire
- Establishing a local partnership with other local Risk Management Authorities (RMAs) to ensure there is a joined-up management of flood risk.
- Being a statutory consultee on all major planning applications with surface water drainage implications.
- Establishing and maintaining a register of flood risk management assets
- Co-ordinating flood risk management across the county
- Formal flood investigations (Section 19 Reports)



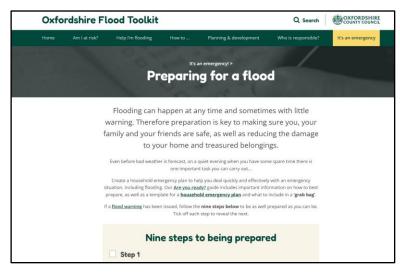


Before a flood event

Key information is available on the Flood Toolkit for how to prepare for flooding. This includes:

- Knowing your risk
- Signing up to flood warnings
- How to protect your home
- Riparian responsibilities





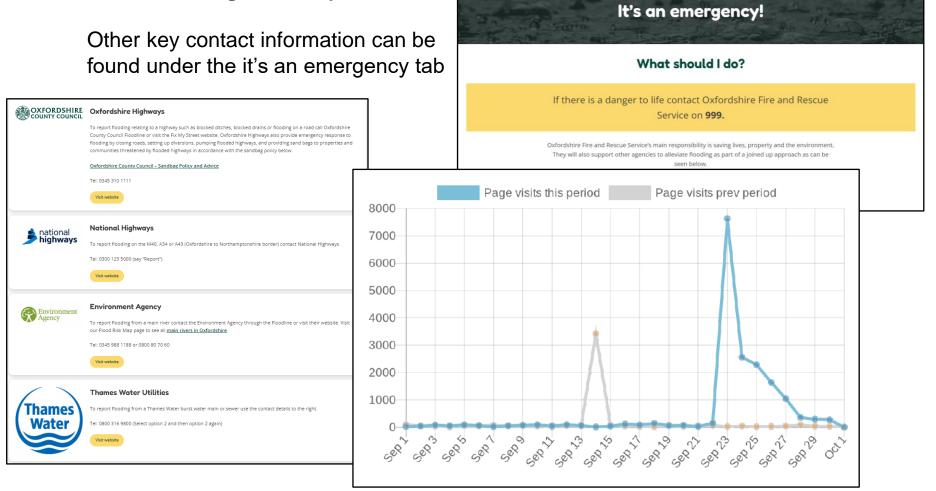






During a flood event

If there is danger to life phone 999



OCC Flood Toolkit page visits during recent flood event during September 2024





After a flood event : report a flood

- Online form: location, duration, date, cause and impact of flooding thresholds explained
- Ability to upload photos and videos
- Forms sent to the OCC LLFA team to log and investigate with other Risk Management Authorities
- Flood reports across the county are mapped on our internal asset register and used to identify areas that flood regularly which can then in turn lead to things like increased maintenance of assets in this area or areas to target community engagement events/

Volunteers. Oxfordshire Flood Toolkit Q Search	OXFORDSHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL
Home Am I at risk? Help I'm flooding How to Planning & development Who is responsible?	Flooding Information
If you are curery flood recovery ferring from internal property flooding contact extendshire Fire & Rescue by calling 999	Are you reporting a blocked drain or an issue with highway drainage? * O Yes No Address *
Information on flood recovery can be found here – https://www.oxfordshirefloodtoolkit.com/emergency/flood-rec	(Where the flooding occurred)
Its an emergency	Street Address
Are you at risk? Ducklington Landowner, Business, Homeowner or Community? Find out now if you are at risk of flooding by exploring our flood risk map Oxford City Explore the Map Aston	Village or Town Postoode Additional location details i.e road junction, or grid reference
	When did the flooding happen? * dd/mm/yyyy

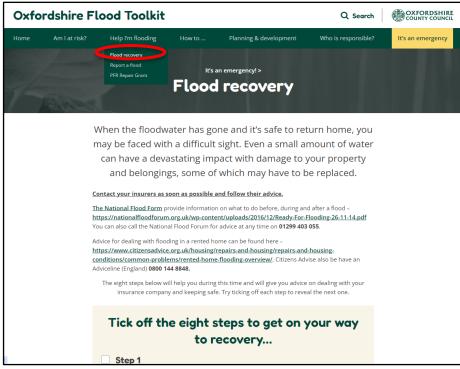




After a flood event: flood recovery

- Information on flood recovery can be found under the help I'm flooding tab
- There are useful links and phone numbers to The National Flood Forum and Citizens Advice who also offer support following flooding.

Following major storm events, the government may provide funding to assist those affected by property flooding. Information about such funding will be made available on the Flood Toolkit. For example, this occurred after Storm Henk in January 2024.









After a flood event : flood

Investigations

- Following flood events, the LLFA will undertake investigations of the source of the flooding and make recommendations that could reduce future risk.
- Some events will meet our threshold to undertake a formal Section 19 Flood Investigation Report as set out in the Flood & Water Management Act 2010.
- Investigations will be undertaken in partnership with the district and city councils, the Environment Agency, other Risk Management Authorities, and the communities impacted.
- Updates and the finalised reports are then published on the Flood Toolkit.
- These investigations are then used for various pieces of works e.g. to



Flood Investigations – When are they carried out?

If a reported incident meets the threshold for a formal <u>Section 19</u> flood investigation, this information may be published publicly online. The following tests are used to decide this:

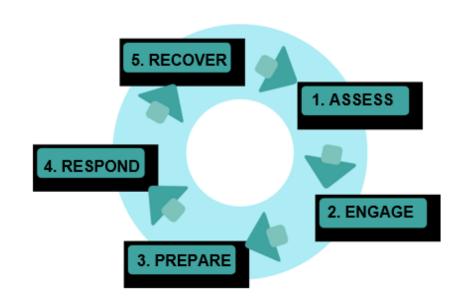
- Has <u>internal flooding</u> (excluding basements) of five or more residential properties or businesses been experienced within an area of 1km²?
- Has <u>internal flooding</u> of a business premises employing more than 10 people been experienced within an area of 1km²?
- Has <u>internal flooding</u> (excluding basements) of at least one property or business been experienced for one week or longer?
- Has flooding of one or more items of critical infrastructure, which could include hospitals, health
 centres, clinics, surgeries, colleges, schools, day nurseries, nursing homes, emergency services
 (police, fire, ambulance) stations, utilities and substations, been experienced?
- Thames Water will investigate all foul sewer flooding affecting the public highway, properties and watercourses.





Volunteer Flood Warden Scheme

- The LLFA recognises that local community residents are well placed to provide information concerning flood risk and drainage issues.
- Flood Wardens will be the eyes and ears on the ground and report blocked drains, gullies and ditches etc. It is hoped these actions could help prevent or reduce flood risk in local communities.
- We currently have Flood Wardens in Witney, Ascott under Wychwood, Sunningwell and Abingdon and we are expanding the scheme further following a successful pilot.
- Flood Wardens can use the information available on the Flood Toolkit to aid them in their role.

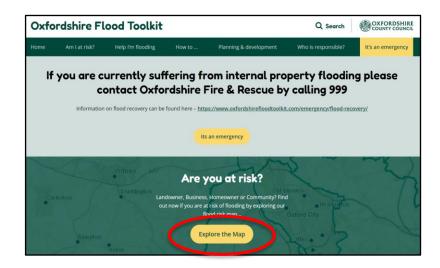


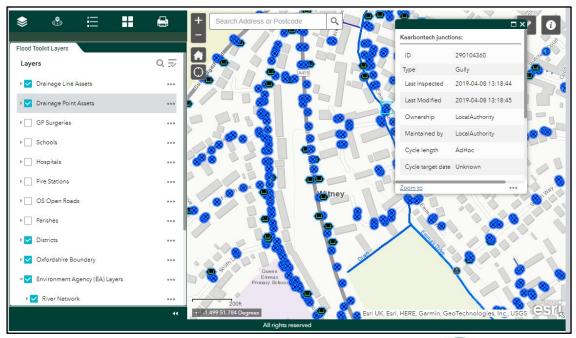




Flood Risk Asset Register

- LLFAs must establish and maintain a register of structures or features that are likely to have a significant effect on flood risk.
- An external version of OCC'S asset register is available on the Flood Toolkit for members of the public to use.
- The asset register is an interactive map showing OCC highway assets, Environment Agency flood risk maps, critical infrastructure and district and parish boundaries.









Any Questions?

floodmanagement@Oxfordshire.gov.uk





Responsibilities of Search and Rescue Service

Bryn Coleman, NFCC





Fire and Rescue Service response to flooding incidents

Deputy Chief Fire Officer Bryn Coleman
Chair -NFCC Inland Water and Technical Rescue
Group (IWTRG)

Climate Change

 Wetter, milder weather systems affecting the United Kingdom

Increased number of `named`
 Storms

 Increased building development preventing `run off`

Silting of draining systems





Fire & Rescue Services Act

- No statutory responsibility in England to attend Water Rescue Incidents
- Scotland, Wales, NI and Channel Islands do have responsibility
- Community Risk Management Plans
- Civil Contingencies Act Local Resilience Forums – Emergency Preparedness











Response

 Local Fire & Rescue Service response – Water 1st Responder, Swift Water Rescue Technicians. Power Boat crews

 Regional support from neighbouring FRSs – Section 13/16 FRS Act

 National Response – National Resilience – DEFRA declared assets







National Response

 DEFRA Flood Rescue Concept of Operations – Team Types

 Fire & Rescue and Volunteer Teams

Tactical Advisors

Local Resilience Forums Co –
 Ordinate , Strategic and Tactical
 Co – Ordination Groups













Equipment

• Sleds , Boats and Pathways

Pumps

• Throw lines, Poles

Personal Protective Equipment

Helicopters



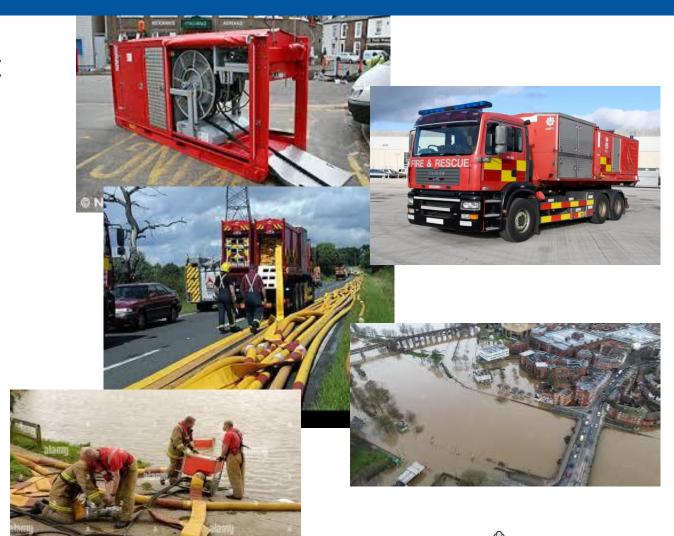
High Volume Pumps

 High Volume Pumps throughout the UK

 Capability to Pump 7000 litres per minute

• 3KM of 150mm hose

 Used to protect Critical National Infrastructure



NFCC

FRS Role in Flooding

- Save Life 🗸
- Evacuation
- Pumping to support key infrastructure
- Will not pump out properties
- Lay sand bags









Questions





Thank you

• b.coleman@gov.je









Question and Answer Session



Sum up and conclusions

Contact us at info@nationalwatersafety.org.uk